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PART I EXTRAORDINARY

No.326 AMARAVATI, THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 2024

G.4005

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

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MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION & URBAN DEVELOPMENT (I) DEPARTMENT

Municipal Administration and Urban Development Department – Town Planning – Anantapuramu-Hindupur Urban Development Authority (AHUDA) – General Town Planning Scheme (Master Plan) of Anantapuramu-Hindupur Urban Development Authority (AHUDA) Region phase-1 – Sanction under Section 12 and 13 of APMR&UDA Act, 2016 - Accorded – Orders – Issued.

(G.O.Ms.No.39, Municipal Administration & Urban Development(I) Department, Dt:06.03.2024) NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred under Section 12 and 13 of APMR&UDA Act, 2016, the Government of Andhra Pradesh hereby sanction the General Town Planning Scheme (Master Plan) for Anantapuramu-Hindupur Urban Development Authority (AHUDA) Region phase-1, which includes 4 ULBs (viz. Anantapuramu Municipal Corporation, Hindupur Municipality, Dharmavaram Municipality, Penukondar Nagar Panchayat) and 5 Zones (viz. Zone-1 to V), subject to condition that the Building Rules and Layout Rules shall be as per the Andhra Pradesh Building Rules, 2017 issued in G.O.Ms.No.119, MA&UD Department, dated:28.03.2017 and the Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules, 2017 issued vide G.O.Ms.No.275, MA&UD Department, dated:18.07.2017, and subsequent amendments thereon from time to time, respectively.

2. The confirmed Master Plan will be opened for perusal of the public at the offices of the Anantapuramu-Hindupur Urban Development Authority (AHUDA)/ Municipal Corporation, Anantapuramu /Municipalities/Nagar Panchayats & surrounding villages included in this scheme for a period of six months.

Y. SRILAKSHMI SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

ANANTAPURAMU-HINDUPUR URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (AHUDA) REGION PHASE-1

ZONING REGULATIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.1	Zoning Regulations
1.2	Land Use Categories of Master Plan
1.3	Applicability of the Zoning Regulations
1.4	Short Title, Scope, Extent & Commencement
1.4.1	<u>Title</u>
1.4.2	Extent
1.4.3	Scope of the Zoning Regulations
1.4.4	Jurisdiction
1.4.5	Date of Commencement
<u>2.</u>	GENERAL CONDITIONS
2.1	Applicability of Regulations
2.2	<u>Penalties</u>
2.3	<u>Definitions</u>
<u>3.</u>	ZONING REGULATIONS
<u>3.1.</u>	Residential Use Zone
<u>3.2.</u>	Commercial Use Zone (C)
<u>3.3.</u>	Mixed Zone (M)
<u>3.4.</u>	Industrial Use (I)
3.5.	
	Public and Semi-Public Use Zone (PS)
3.6.	Public and Semi-Public Use Zone (PS) Recreational Zone (RE)
3.7.	Recreational Zone (RE)
3.7. 3.8.	Recreational Zone (RE) Transportation Use Zone (T)
3.7. 3.8. 3.9.	Recreational Zone (RE) Transportation Use Zone (T) Agriculture Use Zone (A)

1. INTRODUCTION

LIST OF TABLES

- Table 1-1: Land Use Zones Proposed in Master Plan
- Table 3-1: Allowable activities for Residential Use Zone
- Table 3-2: Allowable activities for Commercial Use Zone
- Table 3-3: Allowable activities for Mixed Zone
- Table 3-4: Uses Permissible by Local and Competent Authority for Industrial Use Zone
- Table 3-5: Uses Permissible by Local and Competent Authority in Public & Semi-Public Zone
- Table 3-6: Allowable activities for Recreational Zone
- Table 3-7: Allowable activities for Transportation Use Zone
- Table 3-8: Allowable activities for Agriculture Use Zone
- Table 3-9: Allowable activities for Protected Use Zone (PRZ)

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Zoning Regulations

It is a statutory document prepared under the provisions and procedures prescribed under the relevant Acts. The Zoning Regulations are also sanctioned along with the Master Plan. Zoning Regulations is the legal instrument for implementing the land use policy as proposed in the master plan. Zoning Regulations contain a set of guidelines with regard to the permissibility of the right use and the correct location of each zone duly prohibiting the conflicting uses in order to achieve the objective of the Master Plan for orderly development of a given settlement.

Zoning is a planning control tool for regulating the built environment and creating functional real estate markets. It does so by dividing land that comprises the statutory area of a ULB into different zones, permitting particular land use on specific sites to shape the layout of towns and cities and enable various types of development.

The following 9 Development Promotion Zones, one development restricted zone and three protected zones are proposed for the Master Plan area of AHUDA.

1.2 Land Use Categories of MasterPlan

The categories of land uses proposed in the Master Plan are as follows:

Table 1-1: Land Use Zones Proposed in Master Plan

Sl. No.	Land Use Zone Category	
A	DEVELOPMENT PROMOTION ZONES [D P Z]	
1	Residential Use Zone	(R)
2	Commercial Use Zone	(C)
3	Mixed Use Zone	(M)
4	Industrial Use Zone	(I)
5	Public and Semi-Public Use Zone	(PS)
6	Recreational Use Zone	(RE)
7	Transportation Use Zone	(T)
8	Agricultural Use Zone	(A)
9	Transit Oriented Development Zone	(TOD)
В	DEVELOPMENT RESTRICTED ZONE	
1	Special Area Use Zone	(SA)
\mathbf{C}	PROTECTED USE ZONE [PR]	
1	Protected (Blue)	(PB)
2	Protected (Green)/ Forest	(PG)
3	Protected (Brown)	(PB)

1.3 Applicability of the Zoning Regulations

- a. No development activity like layout, land pooling scheme, building activity or use of any land shall be permitted unless these are in conformity with the Master Plan land use, circulation network and the zoning of the uses and activities as given in this section and the building site requirements as given in these regulations.
- b. These regulations however will not prohibit the continuance of existing uses of lands and buildings that have been lawfully established and have a valid development permission obtained from the competent authorities as required under the prevailing statutory provisions and these Zoning and Development Promotion regulations, provided that no expansion of the existing non-conforming use or activity shall be permissible provided such conformed use is dangerous to life.
- c. All the layouts approved by the competent authorities as required under the prevailing statutory provisions or plots / layouts regularized by prior to these regulations and change of land use affected by government in the immediately preceding notified Master Plan from time to time shall continue to prevail irrespective of the land use zone proposed in the Master Plan.
- d. Master plan is prepared based on the Satellite imagery and as on ground situation. If any water courses are there in village plan/cadastral plans the applicant shall submit No Objection Certificate (NOC) from the competent authority and from the irrigation department.
- e. TDR will be issued only after preparation and execution of Road Development plans as per Go.Ms. No. 180 MA&UD dt 01.10.2020.

1.4 Short Title, Scope, Extent & Commencement

1.4.1 Title

These Regulations shall be called the "Zoning Regulations for AHUDA Master Plan Area."

1.4.2 Extent

Subject to the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, these Regulations shall apply to all development works within the limits of the AHUDA Master Plan area.

1.4.3 Scope of the Zoning Regulations

The scope of these "Zoning Regulations" shall be limited to defining Land Use Zones and the activities permissible in each land use zone depicted in the Proposed Land Use Plan and Master Plan roads forming part of the Master Plan. Other aspects of development will be governed by relevant Building Rules, Layout Rules etc. issued by the Government from time to time. Competent Authorities under such regulations shall ensure that the developments permitted by them are in conformity with these Zoning Regulations.

1.4.4 Jurisdiction

These Zoning Regulations shall apply to AHUDA master plan area in Andhra Pradesh.

1.4.5 Date of Commencement

These regulations shall come into force on such date as notified by the Government. The implementation and enforcement of the Master Plan shall be in accordance with these Zoning Regulations herein prescribed.

2. GENERAL CONDITIONS

2.1 Applicability of Regulations

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the definition given as under shall have the meaning indicated against each term. Words and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning or sense as in the

(a) Act:

- i. Andhra Pradesh Town Planning Act 1920
- ii. Municipal Corporations Act, 1955
- iii. Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1965
- iv. AP Municipal Corporations Act 25 of 1994
- v. Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Raj Act, 1994
- vi. APMR&UDA Act 2016

(b) Rules

- i. Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017, in G.O.MS.No.199 dated: 28.03.2017
- ii. Andhra Pradesh Land Development (Layout and Sub-division) Rules 2017 in Go. Ms. No. 275 M. A. dated: 18.7.2017
- iii. National Building Code of India, 2016
- iv. Municipal Administration and Urban Development Department G.O.Ms.No. 117, Dated:11.08.2022
- v. Municipal Administration and Urban Development Department G.O.Ms.No. 180, Dated 01.10.2020.

as amended from time to time and as defined in the National Building Codeas the case may be, unless the context otherwise requires. All amendments / modifications made in the aforesaid regulations shall automatically stand deemed to have been included as part of these rules.

In these regulations the use of present tense includes the future tense, the masculine gender includes the feminine and the neutral. The singular number includes the plural, and the plural includes the singular. The word 'Person' includes other public institutions, other agencies and individual. Writing includes printing and typing, and signature includes 'Thumb impression' made by a person who cannot write if his name is written near to such thumb impression.

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the definition given as under shall have the meaning indicated against each term. Words and expressions not defined in these regulations shall have the same meaning or sense as in the Andhra Pradesh Town Planning Act

1920, Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1965, Andhra Pradesh Building Rules 2017, AP Layout Rules 2017 as amended from time to time as defined in the National Building Code as the case may be, unless the context otherwise requires. All amendments / modifications made in the aforesaid regulations shall automatically stand deemed to have been included as part of these rules.

2.2 Penalties

Any person contravening any of the aforesaid regulations or any of the provisions of the Master Plan/Zonal Development Plans shall on such contravention be liable to a punishment as provided in the Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Authorities Act, 2016, and Regulations framed thereunder as in force from time to time.

2.3 Definitions

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms and expressions defined as follows shall have the meaning indicated against each of them.

- 1. "Accessory Use" means any use of the premises subordinate to the principal use and customarily incidental to the principal use.
- 2. "Act" means the Andhra Pradesh Town Planning Act, 1920, Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965, Andhra Pradesh Metropolitan Region and Urban Development Act 2016, Andhra Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act 1994, Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Raj Act, 1994.
- **3.** "Amenities" includes club house, convention halls, educational, commercial facilities, crèche, gymnasium, convenient shopping etc.,
- **4.** "Appeal" Appeal against interpretation and decision of ULBs lies with the UDA. Appeal against interpretation and decision of UDA lies with the DTCP. Appeal against interpretation and decision of DTCP lies with the Government.
- **5.** "Authority" means, the Urban Development Authority constituted for the Development Area under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the APMR & UDA Act 2016;
- 6. "Buffer area" means.
 - **a.** an area of land separating adjacent land uses that is managed for the purpose of mitigating impacts of one use on the other.

- **b.** an area within which sensitive uses are either restricted or prohibited.
- **c.** A buffer area consists of a separation distance and one or more buffer elements. Buffer element is a natural or artificial feature that mitigates an adverse impact; a buffer may include open ground, a vegetation buffer and or acoustic barrier.
- **7.** "Building" means a structure constructed with any materials whatsoever for any purpose, whether used for human habitation or not and includes
 - **a.** Foundation, Plinth, Walls, Floors, Chimneys, Plumbing and Building services, Fixed Platforms etc.
 - **b.** Verandahs, Balconies, Cornices, Projections etc.
 - **c.** Parts of a building or anything affixed thereto,
 - **d.** Any wall enclosing or intended to enclose any land or space, signage and outdoor display structures, etc.
 - **e.** Tanks constructed or fixed for storage of chemicals or chemicals in liquid form and for storage of Oil, petroleum products, water, effluent, swimming pool, ponds, etc.
 - **f.** All types of buildings defined below shall be 'buildings' except tents, shamianas and tarpaulin shelters erected temporarily for temporary purposes and ceremonial occasions.
 - i. "Assembly Building" means a building or part thereof where groups of people congregate or gather for amusement, recreation, social, religious, patriotic, civil, travel and similar purposes and includes buildings of drama and cinema theatres, city halls, town halls, auditoria, exhibition halls, museums, marriage hall, skating rings, gymnasia, stadia, restaurants, eating or boarding houses, place of worship, dance halls, clubs, gymkhanas, road, air, sea or other public transportation stations, Kalyanamandapas and recreation piers.
 - **ii. "Business Building"** means any building or part thereof used for transaction of record therefore, offices, banks, all professional establishments, court houses classified as business

buildings if their principal function is transaction of business and/or keeping of books and records.

- **iii. "Detached Building"** means a building with walls and roofs independent of any other building and with open spaces on all sides within the same plot.
- 8. 'Competent Authority' means the VC of Anantapur Hindupur Urban Development Authority. The Director of Town & Country Planning in case of Local Authorities not covered in Development Authorities and Gram Panchayat areas covered in Master Plans / General Town Planning Schemes notified under Andhra Pradesh Town Planning Act, 1920.
- **9.** "Council" means the Municipal Council of Municipality, General Body or Standing Committee of a Municipal Corporation or Gram Panchayat (in case of areas falling in Gram Panchayats covered in sanctioned Master Plan / GTP Scheme).
- **10. "Convenient shopping"** means premises used for a group of shops comprising those dealing with day to day requirements, as distinguished from wholesale trade or shopping. It includes
 - **a.** Bicycle hire and repair shops,
 - **b.** Books and stationery shops or stores,
 - **c.** Cloth and garment shops,
 - d. Florists,
 - **e.** Food-grains or ration shops, each with carpet area not exceeding 50 Sq. m,
 - **f.** Groceries, confectioneries, and general provision shops, each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,
 - g. Hair dressing saloons and beauty parlors,
 - h. Medical and dental practitioner's dispensaries or clinics, pathological or diagnostic clinics and pharmacies, each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,
 - i. Milk and milk products shops,
 - j. Newspaper, magazine stalls and circulating libraries,
 - **k.** Plumbers, electricians, radio, television and video equipment repair shops and audio/video libraries,
 - **I.** Restaurants and eating houses each with a carpet area not exceeding 50 sq. m,

- m. Shoes and sports shops each with a carpet area not exceeding 75 sq. m,
- **n.** Shop for collecting and distribution of clothes and other materials for cleaning and dyeing establishments,
- **o.** Shops dealing in ladies ornaments such as bangles, fancy and gift items etc.,
- **p.** Shops selling bakery products,
- **q.** Tailor or darner shops,
- **r.** Vegetable and fruits shops.
- 11. "Development" means development with its grammatical variations means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in or over, or under land or water or the making of any material change, in any building or land, or in the use of any building or land, and includes re-development and layout for sub-division of any land, and "to develop" shall be construed accordingly.
- **12.** "Development Area" means the area or group of areas declared to be a development area under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Act.
- **13.** "Director" means the Director of Town and Country Planning, Government of Andhra Pradesh.
- 14. "Developer" means,
 - **a.** a person who constructs or causes to be constructed an independent building or a building consisting of apartments, or converts an existing building or a part thereof into apartments, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments to other persons and includes his assignees; or
 - **b.** a person who develops land into a project, whether or not the person also constructs structures on any of the plots, for the purpose of selling to other persons all or some of the plots in the said project, whether with or without structures thereon; or
 - **c.** any development authority or any other public body in respect of allottees of
 - i. buildings or apartments, as the case may be, constructed by such authority or body on lands owned by them or placed at their disposal by the Government, or

- **ii.** plots owned by such authority or body or placed at their disposal by the Government, for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments or plots; or
- **d.** an apex State level co-operative housing finance society and a primary cooperative housing society which constructs apartments or buildings for its members or in respect of the allottees of such apartments or buildings; or
- **e.** any other person who acts himself as a builder, colonizer, contractor, promoter, estate developer or by any other name or claims to be acting as the holder of a power of attorney from the owner of the land on which the building or apartment is constructed or plot is developed for sale; or
- **f.** such other person who constructs any building or apartment for sale to the general public.
 - **Explanation** For the purposes of this clause, where the person who constructs or converts a building into apartments or develops a plot for sale and the persons who sells apartments or plots are different persons, both of them shall be deemed to be the promoters and shall be jointly liable as such for the functions and responsibilities specified in these rules.
- 15. "Drain" means a system or a line of pipes, with their fittings and accessories such as manholes, inspection chambers, traps gullies, floor traps used for drainage of building or yards appurtenant to the buildings within the same cartilage. A drain includes an open channel for conveying surface water or a system for the removal of any liquid.
- 16. "Dwelling Unit" means a building or a portion there of which is designed or used wholly or principally for residential purposes. This shall not include boarding or rooming houses, tents, tourist camps, hotels for other structures designed or used primarily for transient residents and a shelter consisting of residential accommodation for one family. It is an independent housing unit with separate facilities for living, cooking and sanitary requirements.
- **17.** "Executive Committee" means, Members constituted as persub-section-5 of Section-4 of the Act.
- 18. "Educational Building" means a building exclusively used for a school or college, recognized by the appropriate Board or University, or any other Competent Authority involving assembly for instruction, education or recreation incidental to educational use, and including a building for such other user's

incidental thereto such as a library or a research institution. It shall also include quarters for essential staff required to reside in the premises, and a building used as a hostel captive to an educational institution whether situated in its campus or not.

- **19.** "Enforcement Authority" means the, Municipal Commissioners of the ULBs and Panchayat Secretaries of the respective Gram Panchayats;
- **20.** "Existing Building" means use of a building or a structure existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.
- **21.** "Existing Use" means use of land existing authorized before the commencement of these Regulations.
- 22. "Floor" means the lower surface in a storey on which one normally walks in a building and does not include a Mezzanine Floor. The floor at ground level with a direct access to a street or open space shall be called the Ground Floor; the floor above it shall be termed as Floor 1, with the next higher floor being termed as Floor 2, and so on upwards. Similarly, the floors below ground levels shall be termed as Basement Floor 1, Basement Floor 2 with number increasing downwards.
- **23.** "Government" means the Government of Andhra Pradesh.
- 24. "Hazardous Building" means a building or part thereof used for
 - **a.** Storage, handling, manufacture or processing or radioactive substances or of highly combustible or explosive materials or products which are liable to burn with extreme rapidity and/or producing poisonous fumes.
 - **b.** Storage, handling, manufacture or processing of which involves highly corrosive, toxic obnoxious alkalis, acids, or another liquids, gases or chemicals producing flame, fumes, and explosive mixtures or which result in division of matter into fine particles capable of spontaneous ignition.
- 25. "High-rise Building" means a building with 18 meters and above (including stilt floor) in height. However Chimneys, cooling towers, Boiler rooms/Lift machine rooms, Cold storage and non-working areas in case of industrial buildings and water tanks and architectural features in respect of other buildings may be permitted as a non- high-rise building.
- **26.** "Heritage Building" means a building possessing architectural, aesthetic, historic or cultural values which is declared as heritage building by the Authority

- **27.** "Heritage Precinct" means an area comprising heritage building or buildings and precincts thereof or related places.
- **28.** "Industrial Building" means a building or part thereof wherein products or, material are fabricated, assembled or processed, such as assembly plants, laboratories, power plants, refineries, gas plants, mills, dairies and factories etc.
- 29. "Institutional Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi-Government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trusts for their public activities, such as education, medical, recreational and cultural, hostel for working women or men or for an auditorium or complex for cultural and allied activities or for an hospice, care of orphans, abandoned women, children and infants, convalescents, destitute or aged persons and for penal or correctional detention with restricted liberty of the inmates ordinarily providing sleeping accommodation, and includes dharamshalas, hospitals, sanatoria, custodian and penal institutions such as jails, prisons, mental hospitals, houses of correction, detention and reformatories building constructed for the promotion of Tourism such as, stared hotels, clubs, golf course, sport stadium and all activities of Tourist Unit as may be declared by Government from time to time.
- **30.** "Land Pooling Scheme" means a scheme as provided in subsection (1) of section 26 of the Act (Act name).
- 31. "Local Authority" means;
 - **a.** a Municipal Corporation constituted under the respective Act; or
 - **b.** a Municipality or a Nagar Panchayat constituted under the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965; or
 - c. Special Planning Authority
 - **d.** any other body or authority constituted under the relevant Act to govern the urban services;
- **32.** "Land" includes benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth.
- **33.** "Land Use" means the principal use of land for which a plot of land or building thereon is used or intended to be used. For the purpose of classification of a plot according to the land uses, a land use shall deem to include subsidiary land uses which are contingent upon it.

- **34.** "Licensed/Town Planner/Architect/Engineer/Structural Engineer" means Town Planner/ Architect/Engineer/Structural Engineer who is registered with the UDA or any competent authority and is allowed to function within the Anantapur Master Plan Area.
- **35. "Members of the Authority"** means Members constituted as per Sub-section-3(i) of Section-4 of the APMRUDA Act.
- **36.** "Mercantile Building" means a building or part there of used as shops, stores or markets, for display and sale of wholesale or retail goods or merchandise, including office, storage and service facilities incidental thereto located in the same building.
- **37.** "Mixed Use" means a building partly used for non-residential activities except industrial purpose and partly for residential purpose.
- 38. "Neighborhood Centre and Civic Centre" means Neighborhood Centre and Civic Center shall include following activities such as sectoral shopping center, market, office building, cinema, small hospital, playground, swimming pool, Town hall, open air theatre, civic and cultural facilities, library, higher secondary school, parking plots, public utility and service building such as post office, fire station, police station, religious building and building of public uses.
- **39.** "Non-conforming Building or Use" means a building, structure or use of land existing at the time of commencement of these regulations and which does not conform to the regulations pertaining to the zone in which it is situated.
- 40. "Office Building" (premises), means a building or premises or part thereof whose sole or principal use is for an office or for office purposes or clerical work. Office purposes include the purpose of administration, clerical work, handling money, telephone, telegraph and computer operation; and clerical work includes writing, book-keeping, sorting papers typing, filing, duplicating, punching cards or tapes, machines calculations, drawing of matter for publication and editorial preparation of matter of publication.
- **41. "Occupancy or Use"** means the principal occupancy or use for which a building or a part of it is used or intended to be used, including contingent subsidiary occupancies; mixed occupancy building being those in which more than one occupancy are present in different portions of the building.
- **42.** "Open Space" means an area, forming an integral part of the site left open to the sky and includes area left for community purposes.

43. "Owner" means the person who receives the rent for the use of the land or building or would be entitled to do so if they were let.

NOTE: The term Owner is synonymous with the term 'applicant'.

- a. An agency or trustee who receives such rent on behalf of the owner,
- **b.** A receiver, executor or administrator or manager appointed by any court of competent jurisdiction to have the charge of or to exercise the right of the owner.
- **c.** An agency or trustee who receives the rent of or is entrusted with or is concerned with any building devoted to religious or charitable purposes,
- **d.** A mortgage of a lease holder so empowered.
- **44.** "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules and regulations made under the Act.
- **45.** "Public Building" means a building constructed by Government, Semi government organizations, public sector undertakings, registered Charitable Trust or such other organizations for their non- profitable public activities.
- **46. "Public and Semi Public"** means a use, either ordinarily or occasionally by the public such as (a) offices of State or Central Government, any public sector undertaking or statutory or local Authority or Semi Government Organization (b) a place for public worship, etc.;
- **47.** "Parking Space" means an area enclosed or unenclosed, covered or open, sufficient in size to park vehicles, together with a driveway connecting the parking space with a street or alley and permitting ingress and egress of the vehicles.
- 48. "Permanent Open-Air Space" means air space permanently open-
 - a. If it is a street,
 - **b.** If its freedom from encroachment is protected by any low or contract ensuring that the ground below it is either a street or is permanently and irrevocably appropriated as an open space.
 - **c.** In determining the open-air space required for construction of a building, any space occupied by an existing structure may, if it is ultimately to become a permanently open-air space, be treated as if it were already such a place.
- **49.** "Plot" means a portion of land held in single or joint ownership enclosed by definite boundaries other than the land used, allotted, earmarked, or set apart for

- any street, lane, passage, pathway, conservancy lane or for any other public purpose.
- **50.** "Row House" means a row of houses on adjacent plot with a common wall with only front, rear and/or interior open spaces. The house at the end of the row shall however have side open space as prescribed.
- **51.** "Residential Building" means a building in which sleeping accommodation is provided for normal residential purposes, with or without cooking or dining facilities, and includes one or more family dwellings, lodging or boarding houses, hostels, dormitories, apartment houses, flats and private garages such buildings.
- **52.** "Road/Street" means any highway, street, lane, pathway, alley, stairway, passageway, carriageway, footway, square place or bridge, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of passage or access or have passed and had access uninterruptedly for a specified period, whether existing or proposed in any scheme, and includes all bunds channels, ditches, storm-water drains, culverts, sidewalks, traffic islands, road-side trees and, hedges retaining walls, fences, barriers and railings within the street lines.
- **53.** "Road/Street-Level or Grade" means the officially established elevation or grade of the centre line of the street upon which a plot fronts, and if there is no officially established grade, the existing grade of the street at its mid-point.
- **54.** "Road/Street Line" means the line defining the side limits of a road/street.
- **55. "Semi-Detached Building"** means a building having one or more side attached with wall and roof with other building.
- **56.** "Storage Building" means a building or part thereof used primarily for storage or shelter of goods, merchandise and includes a building used as a warehouse, cold storage freight depot, transit shed, store house, public garage, hanger, truck terminal grain elevator, barn and stable.
- **57.** "Service-Road" means a lane from a wider street provided at the front of a plot for service purposes.
- **58.** "Town Planning Scheme (TPS)" means the scheme prepared under the Act for achieving the planned development as envisaged in the sanctioned development plan.

- **59.** "Transit Oriented Development (TOD)" The integration of land use with transport systems, which is essentially 'any development, macro or micro that is focused around a transit node, and facilitates complete ease of access to the transit facility thereby inducing people to prefer to walk and use public transportation over personal modes of transport'.
- **60.** "Transferable Development Rights (TDR)" An award specifying the built-up area an owner of a site or plot can sell ordispose or utilize elsewhere, whose site or plot is required to be set apart or affected for a community amenity or development for public purpose in the Master Plan or in road widening or covered in recreational use zone etc. The award would be in the form of a TDR Certificate issued by the Competent Authority.
- 61. "Unsafe Building" means a building which,
 - **a.** is structurally unsafe,
 - **b.** is insanitary,
 - **c.** is not provided with adequate means of egress,
 - d. constitutes a fire hazard,
 - e. is dangerous to human life,
 - f. in relation to its existing use constitutes a hazard to safety or health or public welfare by reasons of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, or abandonment.
- **62.** "Utility" means roads, streets, water supply, electric supply, street lighting, drainage, sewerage, public works and other utilities, communication network, services, sewerage treatment plant, solid waste management and convenience.
- **63.** "Village Settlement or Grama Khantam or Agraharam or Abadi" means all lands that have been included as Agraharam/Abadi by the Government/ Collector within the site of village and includes existing village hamlets.
- **64.** "Wholesale establishment" means an establishment wholly or partly engaged in wholesale trade and manufactures wholesale outlets, including related storage facilities, warehouses and establishments engaged in truck transport, including truck transport booking warehouses.
- **65.** "Warehouse" or "Godown" means a building, the whole or a substantial part of which is used or intended to be used for the storage of goods whether for storing or for sale or for any similar purpose. It is neither a domestic nor a public building, nor merely a shop if so used not a store attached to and used for the proper functioning of a shop.

- **66.** "Water Course" means a natural channel or an artificial channel formed by draining or diversion of a natural channel meant for carrying storm and waste water.
- **67. "Water Bodies"** means the designated areas for flow of water such as Nallas, Canals, Vagus, River etc. and designated areas for storage of water such as Tanks, Cheruvu, SS Tanks etc. The measurement of all water bodies should be as per irrigation records/revenue records and in case of any discrepancy the relevant revenue/irrigation records stands final.
- 68. "Width of a Street / Road" means the clear average width of the existing carriage way and footpaths only on which the building or plot line abuts. The average width shall be computed by taking length of street between two extreme points on building unit abutting the street at right angles to the direction of such streets excluding the steps projections, forecourts, open areas of other spaces in front of the building erected or intended to be erected. However in case where a regular line of street is prescribed by the Competent Authority, such width shall be considered for the purpose of computing building height. And when applied to a new road/street the road width means the whole extent of space within the boundaries of a road as laid down in the City Survey or development plan or prescribed road lines by any Act or land and measured at right angles to the course or intended course of direction of such road
- **69. "Zone"** means any one of the divisions in which a development area may be divided for the purpose of securing, promoting and regulating development and for providing the urban services under the Act, and the words 'Zoning Regulations' shall be construed accordingly.
- **70. "Zonal Development Plan"** means a plan detailing out the proposals of Master Plan/Development Plan prepared under the provisions of the Act.
- **71. "Zoning Regulations"** means the regulations made under various sections of AP TP Act, 1920 and APMR&UDA Act 2016.

3. ZONING REGULATIONS

In the Proposed Land Use Plan of the Master Plan, various land use zones are proposed under two broad categories (A) Development Promotion Zone [DPZ] and (B)Protected Use Zone [PR] having their zonal boundaries as indicated shall be regulated as per the regulations given below.

A. Under the Development Promotion Zone [DPZ], the land use zones proposed are:

- 1. Residential Use Zone (R),
- 2. Commercial Use Zone(C),
- 3. Mixed Use Zone(M),
- 4. Industrial Use Zone(I),
- 5. Public and Semi-Public Use Zone (PS),
- 6. Recreational Use Zone (RE)
- 7. Transportation Use Zone(T),
- 8. Agriculture Use Zone (A)

B. Under Development Restricted Zone, the land uses proposed are:

1. Special Area Use Zone

C. Under Protected Use Zone [PR], the land uses proposed are:

- 1. Protected (Blue)
- 2. Protected (Green)
- 3. Protected (Brown)

Except as otherwise provided, no structure or land hereinafter shall be used and no structure shall be erected, re-erected or altered unless its use is in conformity with these regulations. The uses not mentioned below may be treated as prohibited against their uses.

The Zoning Regulations contain the following classification of broad land use zones. These regulations specify uses that are permissible in the normal course in each land use zones.

DEVELOPMENT PROMOTION ZONE (DPZ)

3.1. Residential Use Zone

In the Residential use Zone, buildings or premises shall be normally permitted only for the following purposes and accessory uses.

Table 3-1: Allowable activities for Residential Use Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.1.1	All residential buildings	
	Apartments/Group Housing	
	Group Development Schemes	
	Shop cum residences	
	Residential Township	
3.1.2	Hostels	
	Boardinghouse	
3.1.3	 Community Halls/Auditorium (Constructed by the Governme nt Agencies) Night Shelter, Dharamshala, homes for senior citizens, orphan 	
	ages, physically challenged / disabled / handicapped people, C lubs, Cultural and Philanthropic associations of non- commerc ial nature.	
	Community center without commercial activity	
3.1.4	Guesthouses	
	Service Apartment	
	Bachelor quarters	
	Staff Quarters	
3.1.5	Post-offices	
	Police stations	
	Fire stations	
	Individual Professional Offices	
	Electric sub-stations	
	Community toilets/Public toilets	
	Disaster Risk resilience center	
	Government/Semi Government/Local body office	
3.1.6	Professional establishments up to plot area of 500 sq.m	12 m
3.1.7	Playgrounds and Play fields.	18 m

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
	Games facilities Indoor and Outdoor	
3.1.7	Exhibition and Art Gallery	
	Libraries	
	Gardens	
	• Parks	
	Tot-lots	
	Plant nurseries	
	SPA, Beauty parlor	
	Aerobic Center	
	Gymnasium	
	Swimming pool	
	Yoga centers / health clinics	
3.1.8	• All white category industries are permissible (as per the list en closed in Annexure A)	
3.1.9	Tiffin centers/Restaurants/Food Courts/Curry point	12 m
	Bakeries/canteen/Juice centers	12 111
3.1.10	Professional establishments in individual buildings within plot	
	area up to 500sq.m	
3.1.11	Nursery School	12 m
	Primary School	
	High school	18 m
	 Research institutes (non-hazardous nature) 	
	Technical training centers	
	Tutorial Institutions	
3.1.12	Banks/ATM	12 m
	Internet café centers	12 111
	Departmental stores	
	IT enabled services on independent plots	18 m
	Electronic printing press	10 111
	Computer software units	
3.1.13	Three-wheeler stands.	
	Bus stops	
	Vehicle parking including multilevel carparking	
3.1.14	Cell/Mobile Towers	
3.1.15	Weekly markets	
3.1.16	• Religious premises (Temples, Mosques, Churches, and other r eligious buildings etc.)	
3.1.17	Kalyana mandapam/Function Hall	18 m
3.1.18	Clinic/Dispensary/Medical shops/First Aid centers	
3.1.19	 Nursing Homes/Hospitals in the plots with not more than 500s 	12 m
	q.m	1 Z III

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
	• Diagnosis centers in the plots with not more than 500sq.m.	
3.1.20	 Diagnosis centers in the plots with 500 sq.m. to 1000 sq.m Nursing Homes/Hospitals in the plots with 500 sq.m to 1000 sq.m 	18 m
3.1.21	Petrol filling stations without service stations	18 m
3.1.22	Retail Gas outlets/LPG (without Godown)	9 m
3.1.23	Battery Recharge stations	9 m

^{*}Govt. is empowered to declare any potential Road for allowing Commercial Activity subject to payment of Impact fee as Prescribed.

3.2. Commercial Use Zone (C)

Table 3-2: Allowable activities for Commercial Use Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.2.1	All uses permissible in residential uses are permissible	
3.2.2	Restaurants & Bar/Canteen/Eating houses	
	Hotels	
	Banquet halls	
	Lodges	
3.2.3	Educational institutions like Primary School	
	All other educational institutions	18 m
3.2.4	• Offices	
	Banks	
	Financial institutions	12 m
	Stock exchanges	
	Hostels	
3.2.5	Family entertainment centers	18 m
3.2.6	Hospitals	
	Bio-informatics centers	
3.2.7	Public utility buildings	
	Government offices research and social services institutions	
	Govt./Semi-Govt/Local Body Offices	
3.2.8	Petrol/Gas/Diesel/Bio-Diesel filing stations with service statio	
	ns.	
	Weighbridges	
3.2.9	• IT Parks	
	Manufacture of computer hardware	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.2.10	 Newspaper offices with printing press All white and green category industries are permissible (as per the list enclosed in Annexure A) 	
3.2.11	 Taxi and scooter stand. Transport terminals viz. Bus bays/local bus stands/Bus termin als and Depots /Railway/ Metro / BRTS Stations/Yards Truck Parking Cinema Theatres/Mini plex/Multiplex Such uses for public gat 	
3.2.13	 Chieffa Theatres/Milliplex/Multiplex Such uses for public gat hering Large scale commercial establishments Automobile Showrooms and Service Stations Wholesale shops Professional business establishments 	
3.2.14	Malls, Hospitality including Hotels.MotelsHoliday Resorts	
3.2.15	• Film and allied Production Activities - Film and Video Shooti ng Sites, Film Studios on Land not less than 2.5 ha with studio and other related facilities	
3.2.16	Convention Centers	
3.2.17	Kalyana mandapam/Function Hall	
3.2.18	 Warehouses and other uses connected with storage of wholesa le trade in commodities. Wholesale markets and Mandis Erruit and Vegetable markets 	where minimu m road width is 18m in respect of municipalitie s
3.2.19	 Timber storage. Cold storages and ripening chamber Weighbridges Gas Godowns Broadcasting, telecasting and telecommunication stations 	
3.2.21	 Private helipads subject to clearance by Civil Aviation depart 	
	ment	

 $^{* \} Impact fee will be \textit{levied as per the G.O. Ms. No. 117, MA\&UDD Dated: 11.08.2022 and its amendments.}$

3.3. Mixed Zone (M)

All activities permissible in Residential use zone and Commercial Use Zone are permissible in mixed use including the following:

Table 3-3: Allowable activities for Mixed Zone

S. No.	Allowable activities	Required Road
		width
3.3.1	Banks and Safe Deposit Vaults	12 m
	Business Office	
	Other Commercial or Financial Institutions	
	(Occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.2	Public Utility Buildings	12 m
	Government office	
3.3.3	Hotels	12 m
	Motels	
	Restaurants	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.4	Malls	18 m
	Holiday Resorts	
	Mini plex, Multiplex, Cinema halls	
	Convention centers/Kalyana mandapam /Function Hall	
3.3.5	Hostels	12 m
	Dormitories	
	Boarding and Lodging houses	
	Other Welfare Institutions	
	(occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.6	All educational Institutions	18 m
	IT Parks	
	Manufacture of computer hardware	
3.3.7	Clinics	12 m
	Hospitals	
	Dispensaries	
	Nursing Homes	
	Other Health facilities	
	(Occupying a floor area not exceeding 1000 sq.m.)	
3.3.8	Establishments and shops retailing in	12 m
	 Vegetables 	
	o Fruits	
	o Flowers	
	∘ Fish	
	o Meat	
	 Other daily necessities of the residents 	
	 Departmental stores 	
	(Occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.9	Organized markets	12 m
	Bakeries	
	Confectionaries	
	Laundries	

S. No.	Allowable activities	Required Road
		width
	Tailoring	
	Goldsmith shops	
	Hairdressing saloons	
	(Occupying a floor area not exceeding 500 sq.m.)	
3.3.10	Fuel filling stations without service facilities	12 m
	Automobile service stations	
3.3.11	Taxi stands.	12 m
	Car parking including multilevel parking.	
	Automobile workshop with	
	(floor area not exceeding 300 sq.m)	
3.3.12	Broadcasting, telecasting and telecommunication stations.	12 m
	Newspaper offices with printing press	
3.3.13	All white and green industries are permissible (as per the lis t enclosed in Annexure A)	12 m

^{*} Impact fee will be levied as per the G.O. Ms. No. 117, MA&UDD Dated: 11.08.2022 and its amendments.

3.4. Industrial Use (I)

Table 3-4: Uses Permissible by Local and Competent Authority for Industrial Use Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Wi dth
3.4.1	 All types of industries mentioned in Annexure-A under Green a nd White categories industries. 	
3.4.2	 Wholesale business establishments Warehousing &storage Newspaper offices with printing press 	
3.4.3	Petrol filling stations with garages and service stations	
3.4.4	Contractors' plants	
3.4.5	Parks and playgroundsSports and recreation use	
3.4.6	Public utility buildings	
3.4.7	Restaurants	
3.4.8	 Transport terminals for goods and passengers Junkyards Taxi stands. Stockyards 	
3.4.9	 Residential buildings for staff Shops, Watch and Ward staff quarters incidental to main use 	
3.4.10	Loading and unloading space	
3.4.11	Commercial entertainment of a transient nature like circus	
3.4.12	HospitalsNursing homesDispensary	Up to 1000 Sq.m. sit e area and 18 m road
3.4.13	Technical and research institutions	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Wi dth
3.4.14	Quarrying of Clay and StoneQuarrying of Gravel	
3.4.15	 Sewage farms Public utilities like garbage and sewage disposal municipal and Government offices 	
3.4.16	Goods and Logistic Hubs	
3.4.17	All uses that are permissible under Traffic & Transportation use	
3.4.18	Microwave towersPowerplants	
3.4.19	Parking lot (including multi-level)Bus and truck terminals	
3.4.20	Dairy and poultry farms	
3.4.21	Slaughterhouse and meat processing unit	
3.4.22	Automobile Service station	
3.4.23	Ice and freezing plants with power	
3.4.24	Gas Godowns	
3.4.25	All types of industries mentioned in Annexure-A under Red an d Orange categories Industries.	
3.4.26	All other usage permissible from 3.4a.2 to 3.4a.24 are permissible	

3.5. Public and Semi-Public Use Zone (PS)

Table 3-5: Uses Permissible by Local and Competent Authority in Public & Semi-Public Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road
		Width
3.5.1	• Local	
	State	
	 Central government offices and uses. 	
	Semi Government	
	 Public undertaking offices and uses. 	
	 Uses incidental to government offices and their use. 	
	 Radio transmission and wireless stations 	
	 Municipal and community facilities 	
	Public utilities	
3.5.2	Defense uses.	
	 Research and development centers 	
3.5.3	Libraries	
	 All educational and medical institutions 	
3.5.4	All types of Hospitals	
	Health/primary center	
3.5.5	Social, welfare and cultural institutions	
3.5.6	Religious buildings/centers	
	 Religious and Welfare Institutions along with residential 	
	quarters	
3.5.7	Art galleries	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
	Monuments	
3.5.8	Conference halls	
	Function halls	
	Kalyana Mandapams	
	Auditoriums	
3.5.9	Off street parking	
3.5.10	Burial ground	
0.7.11	Cemeteries and crematoria	
3.5.11	Sports stadium	
	Swimming pools	
	Gardens, Parks, playgrounds, and other recreational	
	uses requiring extensive open space.	
	Exhibitions and fairgrounds Special respective leaves	
	Special recreational areas Picnic spots	
	Picnic spotsGeological and botanical gardens	
	Museums	
	Aquarium	
	Water fronts and areas of scenic interest and national	
	parks	
	Open air theatres	
	Temporary uses for exhibition	
	Circus fair festivals	
	Welfare center	
	Auditorium	
	recreational club	
	Golf Courses	
	Racecourses/Go karting/Racing track.	
	Shooting ranges	
	Amusement Parks and Theme Parks	
	• Stables	
	Planetarium	
3.5.12	Horticultural nursery Computer activers units	
3.3.12	 Computer software units IT enabled services on independent plots having at least 	
	1000 sq.m size.	
3.5.13	Residential and other uses incidental to the main use and	
2 7 1 1	in no way causing any nuisance or hazard	
3.5.14	Bank	
3.5.15	GuesthouseHostels	
3.5.16	Water supply installations	
	Sewage disposal works.	
	Service stations	
	Jail	
	Police station	
	Post office	
3.5.17	Rail and Road terminus	
	Helipads	
	Airports/Port	
	Airports buildings and infrastructure	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
	Airport related ancillary uses.	
	Railway station/yard	
3.5.18	Educational Institutions like.,	
	School, Degree Colleges, and Professional Colleges /	
	Universities	
	Polytechnic college	
	Library	
2.7.10	Research and development center	
3.5.19	Petrol pump	
2 7 20	Petrol filling stations with garages &service stations	
3.5.20	Residential plotted or group housing for staff /	
	employees as incidental to the main use	
3.5.21	Retail shopping center Chapting rehabilitation contage	
3.3.21	Spastic rehabilitation centers Orphonogen	
	OrphanagesChoultaries	
	Old age homes	
3.5.22	Dhobi Ghat	
3.5.23	Road transport terminals (Bus terminals depots)	
3.3.23	Goods Terminals	
	Parking areas	
	Truck terminal	
	Railways - Passenger and Freight Terminals	
3.5.24	Motor garage	
	Workshop and incidental amenities	
3.5.25	Booking offices	
3.5.26	Transmission center	
	Wireless station	
	Radio and television station	
	Telephone exchange	
3.5.27	Observatory and weather office	
3.5.28	Warehousing	
3.5.29	Public utility buildings.	
3.5.30	 Any other use/activity incidental to transport and communication use, residential units for staff. 	
3.5.31	Accessory and support shopping activity	
3.5.32	Banks	
3.5.33	Hotels	
	Restaurants	
	Way side amenities.	
3.5.34	Night shelter	

^{*}The lands earmarked for buffers under HT Lines can be used for service roads and access to neighbouring fields.

^{*} The lands already handed over to urban local bodies/Panchayats through registered gift deed are to be treated under Public & Semi-Public Use/Specific/intended use.

3.6. RecreationalZone (RE)

Table 3-6: Allowable activities for Recreational Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Width
3.6.1	Regional parks	
	All other parks	
	Playgrounds	
	Children traffic park	
	Specialized parks/ Maidans for multi-use	
3.6.2	Botanical/ Zoological Garden	
	Bird Sanctuary	
3.6.3	 All recreational activities/ resorts/ tourism activities/ uses which will create tourism promotion are permissible in this zone subject to obtaining relevant No objection certificates/ cleara nces from the concerned/ respective departments like irrigati on department, River conservation etc. to encourage tourism promotion. Building and structures ancillary to uses permitted in open s paces and parks such as stand for vehicles on hire, subject t o the total ground coverage not exceeding 2%, Camping grounds. Open air cinemas Commercials use of transit nature like cinema Circus and other shows 	
3.6.4	Holiday resorts having minimum plot area of 10 acres with g round coverage not exceeding 5%.	
3.6.5	Film Studios/city having minimum plot area of 10 acres, with ground coverage not exceeding 10%.	

3.7. Transportation Use Zone (T)

In the Traffic and Transport use zone, building or premises shall normally be permitted only for the following purposes and accessory uses:

Table 3-7: Allowable activities for Transportation Use Zone

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road width
3.7.1	Aerial Ropeway	
3.7.2	Airport	
3.7.3	 Auto Garages & Repair Shops and facilities such as night shelters 	
3.7.4	 Automobile Showrooms Logistic Park / Warehouses / CFS- Container Freight Station 	
3.7.5	Bus Bays & Local Bus StandBus Terminus &Depot	
3.7.6	Cold Storage	

S. No	Allowable Activities	Required Road width
3.7.7	Container Terminal	
3.7.8	Convention Centers	
	Exhibition Grounds	
3.7.9	Electrical Substation	
	Fire Station / Disaster risk resilience Centre	
	Fuel Filling Station / Petrol / Gas / Diesel / Biodiesel	
3.7.10	Garden, Parks	
3.7.11	Helipad, Heliport	
3.7.12	Hotels	
	Lodging / Guesthouses	
	Restaurant / Canteen / Eating house	
3.7.13	 Jetty along navigable water bodies, rivers, canals, sea 	
3.7.14	Truck Parking	
	Multi-level Parking, Open Parking/Taxi / Auto Rickshaw St	
	and	
3.7.15	Offices	
	Police Outpost & Police / Traffic Police Station	
	• RTO	
3.7.16	Piped Gas Control Station,	
3.7.17	Railway / Metro / BRTS Station,	
3.7.18	Retail trade and services including bank branch	
3.7.19	Secondhand Junk goods and Junk yards	
3.7.20	Sewerage Treatment Plant, Solid Waste Disposal and Tr	
	eatment Site/Landfills	
3.7.21	Staff Quarters Incidental to main use	
3.7.22	Trade Center	
3.7.23	Market / Weekly Bazaar	
3.7.24	All Commercial uses as incidental to main use shall be per	
	mitted including shopping complex, malls, Miniplex /multipl	
	ex etc. and prior approval of DTCP may be obtained provid	
	ed that separate parking space shall provide as per AP Building	
	dings Rules along with other conditions as per AP Building Rules and its Amendments.	
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^{*}All activities permissible in commercial zone are permissible in transportation use zone.

3.8. Agriculture Use Zone (A)

Table 3-8 : Allowable activities for Agriculture Use Zone

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Roa d Width
3.8.1	 All agricultural uses and Horticulture use. Diary and Cattle/Cow Shed, Gaushalas, Emu Farms, Stud Farms Cattle fairgrounds Piggeries, poultry farms, animal, and bird farms Fish farms Forestry Pisciculture, Floriculture 	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Roa d Width
	Aquafarms	
	Hatcheries	
3.8.2	Electric Sub-stations	
	Receiving stations	
	Water tanks and reservoirs	
	Burial/burning grounds or crematoria and brick kilns.	
	All types of brick/block industries	
	Pre-cast cement industries	
	Ready mix concrete plants	
3.8.3	a. The farmhouse buildings/ layouts are permissible which incidental uses t	
	o agriculture, horticulture garden. Approval/ permission to be obtained fro	
	m competent authority duly following the specifications given below and t	
	he procedure as per the norms.	
	b. Farm-house layouts for Agricultural activities:	
	The minimum width of internal gravel road shall be 9.00 m and minimu	
	m plot area of 2000 sqm and no sub-division of plot is allowed.	
	 In the layout plots building permission shall be accorded by the compe 	
	tent authority with plinth area not exceeding 5%coverage, with 200 Sq	
	m. In aggregate whichever is less consisting of G+1 floor only, rest of t	
	he plot shall be in use with cultivation / plantation.	
	Site must have access through existing public road, Puntha, Gorge etc.	
	··	
	Farmhouse buildings are allowed in approved farmhouse layouts by c	
	ompetent authority. Duly obtains building permission from competent a	
	uthority.	
	 c. Farmhouse in Agricultural Land use: The minimum farmhouse site shall not be less than 0.2 Ha or 0.5 Acre 	
	S.	
	 Floor area shall not exceed 200 sqm. in aggregate or 5% of ground co 	
	verage, whichever is less.	
	 Shall not exceed more than G+1 Upper Floor. 	
	Maximum height – 8 m.	
	 Site must have access through existing public road, Puntha, Gorge. 	
	d. Not applicable for the lands intentionally / unauthorized sub-divided duly f	
	orming new roads	
	Residential layouts are permissible up to 5 Ha. subject to construction o	As per layout r
	f individual residential building at least in 25% of total no. of plots and a	ules in force
	minimum built up area of 750 sq.ft of each dwelling unit.	
3.8.4	All white and green category industries are permissible (as per the list e).	9 m
	nclosed in Annexure A)	
3.8.5	Petrol Pump and other fuel filling stations	12 m
3.8.6	Storing and drying of fertilizers incidental to the agricultural operations.	
3.8.7	Camping sites and other recreational uses.	
	Parks and playgrounds	
3.8.8	Sewage farms and garbage dumps	
	Water treatment plants	
	Sewage Treatment Plant	
3.8.9	Function halls	18 m
	Hospitals and Hostels	
	All Educational Buildings	
	Veterinary Hospital	
3.8.10	Amusement parks such as Disney land type	

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Roa d Width
	Eco-tourism activities	18 m
	Toy trains	
	Gardens/ Botanical and Geological gardens	
	Orchards	
	Nurseries	
	Golf centers	
	Racecourse	
	Race/Driving testing tracks	
	Cultural buildings	
3.8.11	Livestock rearing milk chilling centers	12 m
3.8.12	Cold storage/Ripening chambers	12 m
	Warehouse	
	Storage and sale of farm products locally produced	
3.8.13	Brick kilns	
	Concrete block	
3.8.14	Filling Stations	
	Weigh bridges and Check Posts	
3.8.15	Places of worship	
3.8.16	Helipads	18 m
3.8.17	Mini power projects	18 m
3.8.18	Old age and orphanage homes, public utilities such as solid waste la ndfills	12 m
3.8.19	Check posts and toll gates having access to major roads	12 m
3.8.20	Truck terminals	18 m
3.8.21	Quarrying and removal of clay and stone up to 3.0m depth and crushin	
	g	
3.8.22	Electrical/Battery recharge Stations	9 m

Note: The allowable uses mentioned in all above land use are not exhaustive anywhere and similar to the incidental uses are permissible, in their respective land uses.

3.9. Special Area Use Zone

All properties of Heritage, Conservation and Eco Sensitive Zones shall fall under this zone.

Table 3-9: Allowable activities for Protected Use Zone (PRZ)

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Roa d Width
3.10.1	Protected(Blue)	
	Water bodies generally indicates all existing water courses, river s, canals, lakes, tanks and Kuntas as indicated in the topographic al sheets published by the Survey of India/Revenue records/Irriga tion department/or other competentauthorities	
	The boundary of the water bodies relate to the Full tank Level as indicated in relevant maps, covering both perennial and non-pere nnial parts when such distinction exists. In water Body no construction is permitted in the water-spread.	
	 The only exception is fishing, boating, and picnics along the ban ks. The only construction allowed is open to sky jetties for boating , house boats, platforms forfishing and rain shelters' and snack ba rs each not exceeding 100 sq.m in area and tourist amenities. 	
	The measurement of all water bodies should be as per irrigation records /revenue records and in case of any discrepancy the relevant revenue/irrigation records stands final.	
3.10.2	Protected(Blue)	
	 No development permission shall be allowed except Agriculture, Horticulture, Mangroves and forestry use 	
	Parks	
	Botanicalgardens	
	Picnic spots	
	Public utilities	
	Electrical substations	
	 Microwave radar/cell phones tower/T.V. tower and station are per mitted in thezone. 	
	 Quarrying is allowed in the Hillock area subject to prior NOC fro m the relevant departments viz. namely Revenue, Mining, Forest etc. 	
3.10.3	Protected Zone (Brown)	
	Hills	

^{*}Proposed buffer to water bodies, HT lines, Railway property etc. also comes in protected zone (Green)

TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT ZONE [TOD]

3.11. Transit oriented development zone [TOD]

S. No.	Allowable Activities	Required Road Wi dth
2 11 1	The second of TOD associate weeking the control of the Community of the control o	um
3.11.1	• The road under TOD corridor will be notified by the Gov	
	ernment from time to time.	
	• On both sides of notified TOD corridor up to 250 m. Mix	
	ed land use zone allowed for development permissions.	
	• Special impact fee shall be collected as fixed by the Gov	
	ernment from time to time in the notified TOD zones on	
	every development permission.	
	• Other regulations are applicable in TOD zone as per G.O	
	. Ms No. 87 MA&UD dated 01.07.2022.	

Note:

- i. Wherever minimum Road width is not specified in above all usages, the Road widths specified in A.P. Building Rules-2017 and its Amendments shall be applicable.
- ii. Government is empowered to levy special impact fee on any Proposed/ newly formed NH/SH/Bypass/Ring roads/any other major roads within the vicinity on either side of above said roads as fixed by the government from time to time.

Annexure-A

Categories of Industries/Projects/Activities

The Central Pollution Control Board vide order issued to APPCB on 7th March, 2016 under section 1 8 (1) (b) of the Water Act, 1974 and Section 18 (1) (b) of the Air Act, 1981 directed to adopt revised cr iteria of categorisation of industrial sectors communicated with the orders. Revised list of Red, Orang e, Green and White category of industrial sectors shall be used by PCB for Consent Management and Inventorization of Industries under R/O/G/W categories.

d Inve	ntorization of Industries under R/O/G/W categories.
	I. Red Category
S.NO	Industry sector
1	Isolated storage of hazardous chemicals (as per schedule of manufacturing, storage of hazardo
	us chemicals rules ,1989 as amended
2	Automobile Manufacturing (integrated facilities)
	i. Such types of plants are having either one or combinations of polluting activities viz.
	washing, metal surface finishing operations, pickling, plating, electro-plating, phosphat
	ing, painting, heat treatment etc.
	ii. Someofsuchplantsmayoutsourcesome/allofthepollutingactivities.Insuch
	cases, after thorough inspection of such units by concerned SPCB, re- categorization
	of the industry shall be made accordingly.
3	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sc
	hedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Spent cleared metal catalyst cont
	aining copper, Spent cleared metal catalyst containingzinc.
4	Manufacturing of lubricating oils, grease petroleum-based products
5	DG Set of capacity > 5 MVA
6	Industrial carbon including electrodes and graphite blocks, activated carbon, carbon black
7	Lead acid battery manufacturing (excluding assembling and charging of lead-acid battery in m
	icro scale)
8	Phosphate rock processing plant
9	Power generation plant [except Wind and Solar renewable power plants of all capacities and
10	Mini Hydel power plant of capacity <25MW] Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sc
10	hedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Spent catalyst containing nickel,
	cadmium, Zinc, copper, arsenic, vanadium and cobalt,
11	Processes involving chlorinated hydrocarbons
12	Sugar (excluding Khandsari)
13	Fiber glass production and processing (excluding molding)
14	Fire crackers manufacturing and bulk storage facilities
15	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sc
	hedule iv of HW(M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Dismantlers Recycling Plants —
	Components of waste electrical and electronic assembles comprising accumulators and other
	batteries included on list A, mercury-switches, activated glass culets from cathode-ray tubes
	and other activated glass and PCB-capacitors, or any other component contaminated with Sc
	hedule 2 constituents (e.g. cadmium, mercury, lead, polychlorinated biphenyl) to an extent th
	at they exhibit hazard characteristics indicated in part C of thisSchedule.
16	Milk processes and dairy products (integrated project)
17	Phosphorous and its compounds
18	Pulp & Paper (waste paper based without bleaching process to manufacture Kraft paper)
19	Coke making, liquefaction, coal tar distillation or fuel gas making
20	Manufacturing of explosives, detonators, fuses including management and handling activities
21	Manufacturing of paints varnishes, pigments and intermediate (excluding blending/mixing)

22	Organic Chemicals manufacturing
23	Airports and Commercial Air Strips
24	Asbestos and asbestos based industries
25	Cement
26	Chlorates, per-chlorates & peroxides
27	Chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine and their compounds
28	Dyes and Dye- Intermediates
29	Health-care Establishment (as defined in BMW Rules)
	i. Mainly waterpolluting.
	 The water pollution score is normalized to 100 & valid for Hospitals having total wast e-water generation > 100 KLD.
	iii. The hospitals with incinerator will be categorized as Red irrespective of the quantity of the waste -watergeneration.
	iv. The hospitals having Total waste-water generation less than 100 KLD and without in cinerator,thenormalizedwaterpollutionscorewillbe50andwillbecategorized as orange c ategory
30	Hotels having overall waste- water generation @ 100 KLD and more.
	i. Mainly water polluting. Small boiler may beinstalled.
	ii. The water pollution score is normalized to 100 & valid for hotels having waste- water generation > 100KLD.
	iii. The hotels having more than 20 rooms and waste-water generation less than 100 KL D and having a coal / oil fired boiler, the pollution score will be 35/40 & are categorize d as Orange.
	iv. Thehotelshavingmorethan20roomsandwaste-watergenerationlessthan10
	KLD and having no-boiler & no hazardous waste generation, the pollution score will be 20 & a re categorized as Green.
31	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sc hedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Lead acid battery plates and oth er lead scrap/ashes/residues not covered under Batteries (Management and Handling) Rules , 2001. [* Battery scrap, namely: Lead battery plates covered by ISRI, Code word "Rails" Batt ery lugs covered by ISRI, Code word "Rakes". Scrap drained/dry while intact, lead batteries c overed by ISRI, Code word "rains".
32	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sc hedule iv of HW(M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Integrated Recycling Plants — C omponents of waste electrical and electronic assembles comprising accumulators and other batteries included on list A, mercury- switches, activated glass culets from cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass and PCB-capacitors, or any other component contaminated with Sc hedule 2 constituents (e.g. cadmium, mercury, lead, polychlorinated biphenyl) to an extent th at they exhibit hazard characteristics indicated in part C of thisSchedule.
33	Manufacturing of glue and gelatin
34	Mining and ore beneficiation
35	Nuclear power plant
36	Pesticides (technical) (excluding formulation)
37	Photographic film and its chemicals
38	Railway locomotive work shop/Integrated Road transport workshop/Authorized service center

	S
39	Yarn / Textile processing involving any effluent/emission generating processes including blea
	ching, dyeing, printing and coloring
40	Chlor Alkali
41	Ship Breaking Industries
42	Oil and gas extraction including CBM (offshore & on-shore extraction through drilling wells)
43	Industry or process involving metal surface treatment or process such as pickling/ electroplating/paint stripping/ heat treatment using cyanide bath/ phosphating or finishing and anodizing / enamellings/galvanizing
44	Tanneries
45	Ports and harbor, jetties and dredging operations
46	Synthetic fibers including rayon, tyre cord, polyester filament yarn
47	Thermal Power Plants
48	Slaughter house (as per notification S.O.270(E)dated 26.03.2001) and meat processing indus tries, bone mill, processing of animal horn, hoofs and other body parts
49	Aluminum Smelter
50	Copper Smelter
51	Fertilizer (basic) (excluding formulation)
52	Iron & Steel (involving processing from ore/ integrated steel plants) and or Sponge Iron units
53	Pulp & Paper (waste paper based units with bleaching process to manufacture writing &printi
<u> </u>	ng paper)
54	Zinc Smelter
55	Oil Refinery (mineral Oil or Petro Refineries)
56	Petrochemicals Manufacturing (including processing of Emulsions of oil and water)
57	Pharmaceuticals 12 and 12 and 12 and 12 and 13 and 14 and
58	Pulp & Paper (Large-Agro + wood), Small Pulp & Paper (agro based- heat straw/rice husk)
	Lightillary / malaccae / grain / yeach haccai
59	Distillery (molasses / grain / yeast based)
59	
	II. Orange Category
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR
S.NO	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches)
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces)
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing
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S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle
S.NO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing
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S.NO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items
S.NO I 2 I 3 4 6 5 6 I 7 I 8 9 I 10 I 11 I I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid
S.NO I	II. Orange Category INDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks
S.NO I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid
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S.NO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks Synthetic detergents and soaps(excluding formulation) This is the score for units having generation of waste-waters less than 100 KLD. The units having waste- water generation more than 100 KLD will become mainly water polluting and accordingly normalized water pollution score will be 75 and be categorized asRed.
S.NO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of solica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks Synthetic detergents and soaps(excluding formulation) This is the score for units having generation of waste-waters less than 100 KLD. The units having waste- water generation more than 100 KLD will become mainly water polluting and accordingly normalized water pollution score will be 75 and be categorized asRed. Thermometer manufacturing
S.NO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	II. Orange Category NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks Synthetic detergents and soaps(excluding formulation) This is the score for units having generation of waste-waters less than 100 KLD. The units having waste- water generation more than 100 KLD will become mainly water polluting and accordingly normalized water pollution score will be 75 and be categorized asRed. Thermometer manufacturing Cotton spinning and weaving (medium and large scale)
S.NO I	NDUSTRY SECTOR Dismantling of rolling stocks (wagons/ coaches) Bakery and confectionery units with production capacity > 1 TPD. (With ovens / furnaces) Chanachur and ladoo from puffed and beaten rice (muri and shira) using husk fired oven Coated electrode manufacturing Compact disc computer floppy and cassette manufacturing / Reel manufacturing Flakes from rejected PET bottle Food and food processing including fruits and vegetable processing Jute processing without dyeing Manufacturing of silica gel Manufacturing of solica gel Manufacturing of tooth powder, toothpaste, talcum powder and othercosmetic items Printing or etching of glass sheet using hydrofluoric acid Silk screen printing, sari printing by wooden blocks Synthetic detergents and soaps(excluding formulation) This is the score for units having generation of waste-waters less than 100 KLD. The units having waste- water generation more than 100 KLD will become mainly water polluting and accordingly normalized water pollution score will be 75 and be categorized asRed. Thermometer manufacturing

	Automobile servicing, repairing and painting (excluding only fuel dispensing) Normal water & air
	polluting and recyclable waste oil generating. If the waste water generation is more than 100 KL
18	D, it will become mainly water polluting and Red category unit.
19	Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicine
20	Brickfields (excluding fly ash brick manufacturing using lime process)
	Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area.
21	In the pre-construction stage, it is mainly air polluting due to generation of dust (PM) emissions.
	After construction, it is mainly water polluting. If the discharge is more than 100 KLD, it will be h
	aving the normalized score of 75 and be categorized as Red.
	Building and construction project more than 20,000 sq. m built up area Mainly air polluting industr
	y.
22	
	This score is for the units having coal consumption < than 12 MT/day.
	For the units having coal consumption > 12 MT /day, the normalized air pollution score will be62.
	5 and shall be categorized as Red.
23	Coal washeries
24	Dairy and dairy products (small scale)
25	DG set of capacity > 1MVA but < 5MVA
26	Dry coal processing, mineral processing, industries involving ore sintering, pelletisating, gri
	nding & pulverization
	Fermentation industry including manufacture of yeast, beer, distillation of alcohol (Extra Ne
	utral Alcohol)
27	Mainly water polluting industry. This is the normalized water pollution score for units having disch
	arge < 100 KLD.
	For the units having discharge > 100 KLD, the normalized water pollution score will be 75 and sh
	all be accordingly categorized as Red.
	Ferrous and Non- ferrous metal extraction involving different furnaces through melting, refining, re
	-processing, casting and alloy- making. Mainly air polluting.
	This score is applicable to secondary production of ferrous & non-ferrous metals (excluding le
	ad) up -to 1 MT/hour production.
28	For lead, the normalized air pollution score will be = (100*25)/40=62.5 and is categorized as R ed.
20	For Induction Furnace clubbed with AOD furnace – separate calculation shall be made based
	on the capacity of the furnaces. In such industries, the molten metal from induction furnace is t
	ransferred to AOD furnace where other metals like manganese and nickel are added to get th
	e metal of desired constituents. The lime and silicon are also added for reduction of the metal
	oxides to the base metal. the normalized air pollution score will be = $(100*25)/40=62.5$ and is c
	ategorized as Red.
29	Fertilizer (granulation / formulation / blending only)
30	Fish feed, poultry feed and cattle feed
31	Fish processing and packing (excluding chilling of fishes)
32	Forging of ferrous and non- ferrous metals (using oil and gas fired furnaces)
33	Formulation/pelletization of camphor tablets, naphthalene balls from camphor/ naphthalene po
	wders.
34	Glass ceramics, earthen potteries and tile manufacturing using oil and as fired kilns, coating on
<u></u>	glasses using cerium fluorides and magnesium fluoride etc.
35	Gravure printing, digital printing on flex, vinyl
36	Heat treatment using oil fired furnace (without cyaniding)

e iv of HWI, M. H& TBM) rules. 2008 – Items namely – Brass Dross, Copper Dross,, Copper Oxid e Mill Scale,, Copper Reverts, Cake & Residues,, Waste Copper and copper alloys in Dispersible form,, Slags from copper processing for further processing or refining, Insulated Copper Wire, Sc rap/copper with PVC sheathing including ISRI-code material namely "Druid", Jelly filled Copper ca bles, Zinc Dross-Hot dip Galvanizers SLAB,, Zinc Dross-Bottom Dross,, Zinc ash/Skimming arisin g from galvanizing and die casting operations,, Zinc ash/Skimming/other zinc bearing wastes arisi ng from smelting and refining,, Zinc ash andresidues including zinc alloy residues in dispersible fr om ., Industry or processes involving foundry operations. 42 This score is valid for the foundries having capacity < 5 MT/hr as such units require the co al/coke @ < 500 kg/hr. The units having capacity of 5 MT/hr and more, the coal/coke consumption will be more than 500 kg/hr and the normalized score will be 62.5 and classified accordingly as Red. 43 Lime manufacturing (using lime kiln) 44 Liquid floor cleaner, black phenyl, liquid soap, glycerol mono-stearate manufacturing Both air and water pollution are generated Manufacturing of glass. 45 Manufacturing (melting at 1500°C and refining.) In case of lead glass, the score of A1 will be 25 and accordingly the normalized scores will be62.5 i.e. Red 46 Manufacturing of iodized salt from crude/ raw salt 47 Manufacturing of mosquito repellent coil 48 Manufacturing of mosquito repellent coil 49 Manufacturing of Starch/Sago 50 Mechanized laundry using oil fired boiler Modular wooden furniture from particle board, MDF< swan timber etc, Ceiling tiles/ partition board from saw dust, wood chips etc., and other agricultural waste using synthetic adhesive resin, woo den box making (With boiler) 1. Mainly air polluting. Boiler as well as VOCs from use ofadhesives. 2. Without boiler, it will be a Green categoryindustry. Non-alcoholic beverages (soft drink) & bottling of alcohol/non alcoholic pro	07	Hat was alanta
139 lice cream 140 Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under sche dule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Paint and ink Sludge/residues Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Brass Dross, Copper Dross, Copper Oxid e Mill Scale, Copper Reverts, Cake & Residues, Waste Copper and copper ploys in Dispersible form, Slags from copper processing for further processing or refining, Insulated Copper Wire, Scrap/copper with PVC sheathing including ISRI-code material namely "Druid", Jelly filled Copper callos, Zinc Dross-Hot dip Galvanizers SLAB, Zinc Dross-Bottom Dross, Zinc ash/Skimming arisin g from galvanizing and die casting operations, Zinc ash/Skimming/other zinc bearing wastes arising from smelting and refining, Zinc ash andresidues including zinc alloy residues in dispersible from, Industry or processes involving foundry operations. This score is valid for the foundries having capacity < 5 MT/hr as such units require the coal/coke @ < 500 kg/hr. The units having capacity of 5 MT/hr and more, the coal/coke consumption will be more than 500 kg/hr and the normalized score will be 62.5 and classified accordingly as Red. 43. Lime manufacturing (using lime kilin) 44. Liquid floor cleaner, black phenyl, liquid soap, glycerol mono-stearate manufacturing Both air and water pollution are generated 45. Manufacturing of indized salt from crude/ raw salt 46. Manufacturing of indized salt from crude/ raw salt 47. Manufacturing of indized salt from crude/ raw salt 48. Manufacturing of mirror from sheet glass 49. Manufacturing of mirror from particle board, MDF< swan timber etc, Ceiling tiles/ partition board from saw dust, wood chips etc., and other agricultural waste using synthetic adhesive resin, woo den box making (With boiler) 19. Menhanized laundry using oil fired boiler Monalcaturing of salt swall as WOCs from use ofadhesives. 20. Without boil		
 Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Paint and ink Sludge/residues Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Brass Dross, Copper Dross, Copper Oxid e Mill Scale, Copper Reverts, Cake & Residues, Waste Copper and copper alloys in Dispersible form, Slags from copper processing for further processing or refining, Insulated Copper Wire, Sc rap/copper with PVC sheathing including ISRI-code material namely 'Druird', Jelly filled Copper cell bels, Zinc Dross-Hotl dip Galvanizers SLAB, Zinc Dross-Bottom Dross, Zinc ash/Skimming arising from garlvanizing and delic asting operations, Zinc ash/Skimming/other zinc bearing wastes arising from smelting and refining, Zinc ash andresidues including zinc alloy residues in dispersible from, industry or processes involving foundry operations. This score is valid for the foundries having capacity < 5 MT/hr as such units require the coal/coke @ < 500 kg/hr.		
dule iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Paint and ink Studge/residues Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedul e iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Brass Dross, Copper Dross, Copper Oxid e Mill Scale, Copper Reverts, Cake & Residues, Waste Copper and copper alloys in Dispersible form, Slags from copper processing for further processing or refining, Insulated Copper Wire, Sc rap/copper with PVC sheathing including ISRI-code material namely "Druid", Jelly filled Copper ce bles, Zinc Dross-Hot dip Galvanizers SLAB, Zinc Dross-Bottom Dross, Zinc ash/Skimming arisin g from galvanizing and die casting operations, Zinc ash/Skimming/other zinc bearing wastes arisi ng from smelling and refining, Zinc ash andresidues including zinc alloy residues in dispersible fr om, Industry or processes involving foundry operations. This score is valid for the foundries having capacity < 5 MT/hr as such units require the co al/coke @ < 500 kg/hr. The units having capacity of 5 MT/hr and more, the coal/coke consumption will be more than 500 kg/hr and the normalized score will be 62.5 and classified accordingly as Red. Lime maunfacturing (using lime kin) Liquid floor cleaner, black phenyl, liquid soap, glycerol mono-stearate manufacturing Both air and water pollution are generated Manufacturing of glass. Mainly air polluting (melting at 1500°C and refining.) In case of lead glass, the score of A1 will be 25 and accordingly the normalized scores will be62.5 Mehanizaturing of mosquito repellent coil Manufacturing of indized salt from crude/ raw salt Manufacturing of mosquito repellent coil Manufacturing of starch/Sago Mehanized laundry using oil fired boiler Modular wooden furniture from particle board, MDF<, swan timber etc, Ceiling tiles/ partition board from saw dust, wood chips etc., and other agricultural waste using synthetic adhesive resin, woo den box making (With boiler) Non-alcoholic beverages (soft drink) & bottling of alcohol/non a		
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56 Ply-board manufacturing (including Veneer and laminate) with oil fired boiler/ thermic fluid heater (without resin plant)		
without resin plant)		
	56	,
	57	

58	Printing ink manufacturing
59	Printing press
60	Reprocessing of waste plastic including PVC
61	Rolling mill (oil or coal fired) and cold rolling mill
62	Spray painting, paint baking, paint shipping
63	Steel and steel products using various furnaces like blast furnace /open hearth furnace/induction f
63	urnace/arc furnace/submerged arc furnace /basic oxygen furnace /hotrolling reheated furnace
64	Stone crushers
65	Surgical and medical products including prophylactics and latex
66	Tephlon based products
67	Thermocol manufacturing (with boiler)
68	Tobacco products including cigarettes and tobacco/opium processes
69	Transformer repairing/ manufacturing (dry process only)
70	Tyres and tubes vulcanization/ hot retreating
70	Vegetable oil manufacturing including solvent extraction and refinery / hydrogenated oils All sorts
	of pollution are generated.
71	
	This score is valid for plants having waste-water generation < 100 KLD.
	If the waste-water generation is more than 100 KLD, the unit shall be classified as Red.
72	Wire drawing and wire netting
73	Dry cell battery (excluding manufacturing of electrodes) and assembling & charging of acid lead b
	attery on micro scale
	Pharmaceutical formulation and for R & D purpose (For sustained release/ extended release of dr
	lugs only and not for commercial purpose)
74	ago only and not for commonate purposes
/4	All corts of pollution are generated
	All sorts of pollution are generated.
	DOD and War one to be abilitized to Daylor to see
70	R&D activities are to be shifted to Red category.
76	Synthetic resins
77	Synthetic rubber excluding molding
78	Cashew nut processing
79	Coffee seed processing
80	Parboiled Rice Mills
	Rice Mills are generating both air and water pollution. Waste-waters are having high strengthin re
	spect of BOD.
	This is the normalized air & water pollution score for units having waste-water generation < 100 K
	LD and fuel consumption less than 12 MTD.
	and radi concumption 1000 than 12 WHD.
	For write having weets water generalized 400 M D and tall account for 40 MTD and 41 M
	For units having waste-water generation > 100 KLD or fuel consumption > 12 MTD or both, the u
	nit shall be classified as Red.
81	Foam manufacturing
	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste under schedu
82	le iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Used Oil – As per specificationsprescribed
	from time to time.
	Industries engaged in recycling / reprocessing/ recovery/reuse of Hazardous Waste underschedul
82	e iv of HW (M, H& TBM) rules, 2008 – Items namely – Waste Oil – As per specifications prescribe
	d from time to time.
83	Producer gas plant using conventional up drift coal gasification (linked to rolling mills glass and ce
83	ramic industry refectories for dedicated fuel supply)
	III. Green Category
S. NO	INDUSTRY SECTOR

Aluminum utensils from aluminum circles by pressing only (dry mechanical operation) Ayurvedic and homeopathic medicines (without boiler) Bakery /confectionery /sweets products (with production capacity 1 tpd (with gas or electrical ove Bi-axially oriented PP film along with metalizing operations 4 Biomass briquettes (sun drying) without using toxic hazardous wastes Blending of mela mine resins & different powder, additives by physical mixing Brass and bell metal utensils manufacturing from circles (dry mechanical operation without re-roll ing facility) 8 Candv Cardboard or corrugated box and paper products (excluding paper or pulp manufacturing and wit hout using boilers) 10 Carpentry & wooden furniture manufacturing (excluding saw mill) with the help of electrical (motor ized) machines such as electrical wood planner, steel saw cutting circular blade, etc. 11 Cement products (without using asbestos / boiler / steam curing) like pipe, pillar, jafri, well ring, bl ock/tiles etc. (should be done in closed covered shed to control fugitive emissions) Ceramic colour manufacturing by mixing & blending only (not using boiler and wastewater recycli ng process) 13 Chilling plant, cold storage and ice making Coke briquetting (sun drying) Cotton spinning and weaving (small scale) 15 16 Dal Mills Decoration of ceramic cups and plates by electric furnace 17 18 Digital printing on PVC clothes Facility of handling, storage and transportation of food grains in bulk Glass, ceramic, earthen potteries, tile and tile manufacturing using electrical kiln or not involving f ossil fuel kiln Glue from starch (physical mixing) with gas / electrically operated oven /boiler. Gold and silver smithy (purification with acid smelting operation and sulphuric acid polishing oper ation) (using less or equal to 1 litre of sulphuric acid/ nitric acid per month) 24 Heat treatment with any of the new technology like ultrasound probe, induction hardening, ionizati on beam, gas carburizing etc. Insulation and other coated papers (excluding paper or pipe manufacturing) Leather foot wear and leather products (excluding tanning and hide processing except cottagesca le) 27 Lubricating oil, greases or petroleum-based products (only blending at normal temperature) Manufacturing of pasted veneers using gas fired boiler or thermic fluid heater and by sun drying Oil mill Ghani and extraction (no hydrogenation / refining) Packing materials manufacturing from non-asbestos fiber, vegetable fiber yarn 30 Phenyl/toilet cleaner formulation and bottling Polythene and plastic processed products manufacturing (virgin plastic) 33 Poultry, Hatchery and Piggery Power looms (without dye and bleaching) Puffed rice (muri) (using gas or electrical heating system) Pulverization of bamboo and scrap wood 37 Ready mix cement concrete 38 Reprocessing of waste cotton 39 Rice mill (Rice hullers only) Rolling mill (gas fired) and cold rolling mill Rubber goods industry (with gas operated baby boiler) 41 42 Saw mills 43 Soap manufacturing (hand made without steam boiling / boiler) 44 Spice grinding (upto-20 HP motor) Spice grinding (> 20 hp motor) Steel furniture without spray painting

47	Steeping and processing of grains
48	Tyres and tube retreating (without boilers)
49	Chilling plant and ice making without using ammonia
50	CO2 recovery
51	Distilled water (without boiler) with electricity as source of heat
52	Hotels (up to 20 rooms and without boilers)
53	Manufacturing of optical lenses (using electrical furnace)
54	Mineralized water
55	Tamarind powder manufacturing
56	Cutting, sizing and polishing of marble stone
57	Emery powder (fine dust of sand) manufacturing
	Fly ash export, transport & disposal facilities
59	Mineral stack yard / Railway sidings
60	Oil and gas transportation pipeline
61	Seasoning of wood in steam heated chamber
62	Synthetic detergent formulation
63	Tea processing (with boiler) With boiler, it is an orange category industry. Without boiler, it will be
0.5	green category industry.
	IV. White Category
S.NO	INDUSTRY SECTOR
1	Assembly of air coolers /conditioners, repairing and servicing
2	Assembly of bicycles, baby carriages and other small non motorizing vehicles
3	Bailing (hydraulic press) of waste papers
4	Bio fertilizer and bio-pesticides without using inorganic chemicals
5	Biscuits trays etc. from rolled PVC sheet (using automatic vacuum forming machines)
6	Blending and packing of tea
7	Block making of printing without foundry (excluding wooden blocking)
8	Chalk making from plaster of Paris (only casting without boilers etc. (sun drying / electrical oven)
9	Compressed oxygen gas from crude liquid oxygen (without use of any solvents and by maintainin
	g pressure & temperature only for separation of other gases)
10	Cotton and woolen hosiers making (Dry process only without any dying / washing operation)
11	Diesel pump repairing and servicing (complete mechanical dry process)
12	Electric lamp (bulb) and CFL manufacturing by assembling only
13	Electrical and electronic item assembling (completely dry process)
14	Engineering and fabrication units (dry process without any heat treatment / metal surface finishin
	g operations / painting)
15	Flavoured betel nuts production/ grinding (completely dry mechanical operations)
16	Fly ash bricks/ block manufacturing
17	Fountain pen manufacturing by assembling only
18	DGlass ampules and vials making from glass tubes
19	Glass putty and sealant (by mixing with machine only)
20	Ground nut decorticating
21	Handloom/ carpet weaving (without dying and bleaching operation)
22	Leather cutting and stitching (more than 10 machine and using motor)
23	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks
24	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc.
	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks
24	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen
24 25	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush
24 25 26	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen
24 25 26 27	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen Organic and inorganic nutrients (by physical mixing)
24 25 26 27 28	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen Organic and inorganic nutrients (by physical mixing) Organic manure (manual mixing)
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen Organic and inorganic nutrients (by physical mixing) Organic manure (manual mixing) Packing of powdered milk Paper pins and u clips Repairing of electric motors and generators (dry mechanical process)
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Manufacturing of coir items from coconut husks Manufacturing of metal caps containers etc. Manufacturing of shoe brush and wire brush Medical oxygen Organic and inorganic nutrients (by physical mixing) Organic manure (manual mixing) Packing of powdered milk Paper pins and u clips

33	Scientific and mathematical instrument manufacturing
34	Solar module non-conventional energy apparatus manufacturing unit
35	Solar power generation through solar photovoltaic cell, wind power and mini hydel power (less th
	an 25 MW)
36	Surgical and medical products assembling only (not involving effluent / emission generating proce
	sses)

Y. SRILAKSHMI SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT